

**RAVINDRA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING FOR WOMEN**  
(AUTONOMOUS)

**B. Tech II Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations May-2026**  
**Analog and Digital Communication**

Time: 3 Hours

Branch: ECE

Max. Marks: 70

**Instructions:**

1. Answer all 10 questions from Part-A. Each question carries two marks
2. Answer one full question from each unit in Part-B. Each full question carries 10 marks

**PART-A**

- |   |   |   |    |     |    |
|---|---|---|----|-----|----|
| 1 | a | Justify the need for modulation.  | 2M | CO1 | L2 |
|   | b | Define selectivity and Fidelity of radio receivers?                       | 2M | CO1 | L2 |
|   | c | Define sensitivity and selectivity of receiver.                           | 2M | CO2 | L2 |
|   | d | Define Noise equivalent Bandwidth & Noise Figure                          | 2M | CO2 | L1 |
|   | e | List any two properties of matched filter.                                | 2M | CO3 | L2 |
|   | f | List the merits of eye pattern in pulsed binary data transmission system. | 2M | CO3 | L2 |
|   | g | What is correlation receiver.   | 2M | CO4 | L1 |
|   | h | What is Schwarz inequality?   | 2M | CO4 | L3 |
|   | i | Illustrate the signal space diagram for QAM signal for M=8                | 2M | CO5 | L1 |
|   | j | Draw signal constellation diagrams for BPSK & QPSK                        | 2M | CO6 | L1 |

**PART-B****UNIT-I**

- |   |   |   |    |     |    |
|---|---|---|----|-----|----|
| 2 | a | Explain with diagrams, the generation of PM. Derive its efficiency.   | 5M | CO1 | L2 |
|   | b | Find the modulation index for an amplitude modulation. Consider an AM signal $s(t) = 2 \cos(2\pi fct) + 0.5 \cos(2\pi fmt)$ . Compute the modulation index used to generate the signal. | 5M | CO1 | L3 |

**OR**

- |   |   |     |     |    |
|---|---|-----|-----|----|
| 3 | State sampling theorem and Illustrate the sampling process analytically. Provide required diagrams. | 10M | CO1 | L2 |
|---|---|-----|-----|----|

**UNIT-II**

- |   |  |     |     |    |
|---|--|-----|-----|----|
| 4 | Discuss in detail delta modulation and demodulation with block diagram and explain the working with waveform | 10M | CO2 | L3 |
|---|--|-----|-----|----|

**OR**

- |   |  |     |     |    |
|---|--|-----|-----|----|
| 5 | With neat block diagram, explain the PCM communication system. | 10M | CO2 | L3 |
|---|--|-----|-----|----|

**UNIT-III**

- |   |   |  |    |     |    |
|---|---|--|----|-----|----|
| 6 | a | Construct duo binary system with and without precoder for the binary data sequence 001101001 | 5M | CO3 | L3 |
|   | b | Interpret in brief about Modified Duobinary signaling scheme.                                | 5M | CO3 | L3 |

**OR**

- |   |   |     |     |    |
|---|---|-----|-----|----|
| 7 | What is Matched filter? Derive an expression for probability of error of a matched filter receiver. | 10M | CO3 | L3 |
|---|---|-----|-----|----|

**UNIT-IV**

- |   |   |     |     |    |
|---|---|-----|-----|----|
| 8 | Derive and analyze probability of error for binary signaling using geometric representation and noise statistics. | 10M | CO4 | L3 |
|---|---|-----|-----|----|

**OR**

- |   |   |     |     |    |
|---|---|-----|-----|----|
| 9 | Represent a binary signaling scheme in signal space and analyze decision boundaries using Euclidean distance. | 10M | CO4 | L2 |
|---|---|-----|-----|----|

**UNIT-V**

- |    |   |  |    |     |    |
|----|---|--|----|-----|----|
| 10 | a | Express the BPSK waveform for the given 1011 data.               | 5M | CO5 | L3 |
|    | b | Derive the expression for probability of error for coherent FSK. | 5M | CO5 | L3 |

**OR**

- |    |   |     |     |    |
|----|---|-----|-----|----|
| 11 | State and prove Shannon Hartley theorem | 10M | CO6 | L4 |
|----|---|-----|-----|----|

**CODE: A1EC404T****R23****H.T.No:**

**RAVINDRA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING FOR WOMEN**  
(AUTONOMOUS)

**B. Tech II Year II Semester Regular Examinations MAY 2026**

**Sub: Electronic Circuits Analysis**

Branch: ECE

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Max. Marks: 70**

**Instructions:**

1. Answer all 10 questions from Part-A. Each question carries two marks
2. Answer one full question from each unit in Part-B. Each full question carries 10 marks

PART-A				
1	a	What is the main advantage of a Darlington pair?	2M	CO1 L2
	b	In a differential amplifier, the input bias current is $0.75 \mu\text{A}$ . What is the effect of this bias current on the output voltage if the load resistance is $20 \text{ k}\Omega$ ?	2M	CO1 L3
	c	How does the Miller effect influence the frequency response of a BJT amplifier?	2M	CO2 L2
	d	What is a high-frequency model of BJT?	2M	CO2 L2
	e	An RC phase shift oscillator has $R=10 \text{ k}\Omega$ , $C=0.01 \mu\text{F}$ . Find the frequency of oscillation	2M	CO3 L2
	f	Explain feedback topology	2M	CO4 L3
	g	Define Class AB amplifier	2M	CO5 L2
	h	Compare push-pull amplifier, power amplifier.	2M	CO5 L2
	i	Draw the frequency response of double tuned Amplifier.	2M	CO6 L2
	j	An astable multivibrator has $R_1=R_2=10 \text{ k}\Omega$ , $C_1=C_2=0.01 \mu\text{F}$ . Find frequency.	2M	CO6 L3
PART-B				
UNIT-I				
2		Describe the small-signal operation of an NMOS differential pair. Derive the expressions for the differential gain and common-mode gain.	10M	CO1 L3
OR				
3		An amplifier has: Gain = 200 .Bandwidth = 500 kHz Calculate gain-bandwidth product and find new bandwidth if gain is reduced to 50.	10M	CO1 L3
UNIT-II				
4		Design a Common-Emitter amplifier with a voltage gain of 50 dB and calculate its low-frequency bandwidth considering coupling and bypass capacitors.	10M	CO2 L5
OR				
5		Analyze the high-frequency response of an emitter follower (Common Collector) amplifier. Discuss its advantages at high frequencies	10M	CO2 L3
UNIT-III				
6		Derive the expression for frequency of oscillations of RC-phase shift oscillator.	10M	CO3 L3
OR				
7		Draw the circuit diagram of a RC phase shift oscillator and calculate the cutoff frequency ( $f_c$ ) and open loop gain (A) with the given values. Does it fulfill the Barkhausen criteria? Justify your answer. $R_f = 10\text{k}\Omega$ , $R_1 = 1\text{k}\Omega$ , $R = 2\text{k}\Omega$ , $C = 10\text{pF}$	10M	CO3 L4
UNIT-IV				
8		Compare Class A, Class B and Class C power amplifiers.	10M	CO5 L4
OR				
9		Describe the working of a Class A output stage. Derive its efficiency and discuss its advantages and disadvantages.	10M	CO5 L4
UNIT-V				
10		Design a fixed-bias bi-stable circuit using n-p-n transistors given $V_{CC}=12\text{V}$ , $V_{BE(\text{sat})} = 0.75\text{V}$ , $V_{CE(\text{sat})}=0.3 \text{ V}$ , $h_{FE(\text{min})}=20$ . Assume a specific collector current $I_{C(\text{sat})}$	10M	CO6 L3
OR				
11	a	Design and explain about Monostable multivibrator	5M	CO5 L4
	b	Write the difference between Bistable, Astable and Monostable multivibrator	5M	CO5 L2

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**CODE: A1EC403****R23****H.T.No:****RAVINDRA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING FOR WOMEN****(AUTONOMOUS)****B. Tech II Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations May 2026****Sub: EM WAVES & TRANSMISSION LINES**

Branch: ECE

**Time: 3 Hours****Max. Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Answer all 10 questions from Part-A. Each question carries two marks
2. Answer one full question from each unit in Part-B. Each full question carries 10 marks

<b>PART-A</b>					
1	a	Explain about Spherical Coordinates	2M	CO1	L2
	b	Explain Gauss law.	2M	CO1	L2
	c	Explain Ampere's circuit law	2M	CO2	L2
	d	Define magnetic flux and flux density.	2M	CO2	L2
	e	Explain about polarization.	2M	CO3	L2
	f	Explain about Lossless medium.	2M	CO4	L2
	g	Write the expression for characteristic impedance.	2M	CO5	L2
	h	What are the types of Transmission lines.	2M	CO5	L2
	i	Explain about the Standing wave ratio?	2M	CO6	L2
	j	A $50\Omega$ lossless transmission line is terminated on a load impedance of $Z_L = (25 + j50)\Omega$ . Find VSWR.	2M	CO6	L2
<b>PART-B</b>					
<b>UNIT-I</b>					
2	a	Point charges 5 nC and -2 nC are located at (2,0,4) and (-3,0,5), respectively.(a) Determine the force on a 1-nC point charge located at (1,-3,7).(b) Solve the electric field E at (1,-3,7).	5M	CO1	L3
	b	State and prove Gauss's law.	5M	CO1	L3
<b>OR</b>					
3		What is electric field intensity? Derive an expression for E due to infinite sheet charge.	10M	CO1	L3
<b>UNIT-II</b>					
4		Mention Maxwell's equation in integral and differential form for time varying fields.	10M	CO2	L3
<b>OR</b>					
5		Analyze the Boundary Conditions of electromagnetic Fields at the interface between the two media? Derive them for all possible cases of different media	10M	CO2	L3
<b>UNIT-III</b>					
6		Define Brewster angle and Derive expression for Brewster angle.	10M	CO3	L3
<b>OR</b>					
7	a	Derive the wave equation for electric fields in free space.	5M	CO3	L3
	b	Explain the reflection of uniform plane waves by a perfect conductor in the case of normal incidence.	5M	CO3	L3
<b>UNIT-IV</b>					
8		Derive the expressions for reflection coefficient of a transmission line.	10M	CO5	L3
<b>OR</b>					
9		Explain about distortion less and lossless transmission line.	10M	CO5	L3
<b>UNIT-V</b>					
10		Derive the expression for r-circles and x-circles and draw the circles for different values of r and x	10M	CO6	L6
<b>OR</b>					
11		Compare and analyze the performance of: i) Lossless transmission line ii) Distortion less transmission line and discuss their practical applications.	10M	CO6	L3

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**CODE: A1HS401****R23****H.T.No:**

**RAVINDRA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING FOR WOMEN**  
(AUTONOMOUS)

**B. Tech II Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations MAY 2026**  
**MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

**Time: 3 Hours****(CSE &ECE)****Max. Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Answer all 10 questions from Part-A. Each question carries two marks
2. Answer one full question from each unit in Part-B. Each full question carries 10 marks

**PART-A**

1	a	Define Managerial Economics.	2M	CO1	L2
	b	Identify 4 factors that influence demand forecasting.	2M	CO1	L2
	c	What is meant by Least-Cost Combination? Give examples.	2M	CO2	L2
	d	Calculate the break-even point if fixed costs are Rs.25,000, variable cost per unit is Rs.10, and selling price per unit is Rs.25.	2M	CO2	L2
	e	Define Joint Stock Company.	2M	CO3	L2
	f	Mention different Public Enterprises	2M	CO4	L3
	g	Define Accounting Rate of Return (ARR).	2M	CO5	L4
	h	Define Internal Rate of Return (IRR).	2M	CO5	L3
	i	Define accounting.	2M	CO6	L2
	j	Define ledger.	2M	CO6	L2

**PART-B****UNIT-I**

2	a	What is Demand Forecasting? Explain the factors and methods involved in demand forecasting.	10M	CO1	L3
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**OR**

3	a	Discuss the Law of Demand with its exceptions and Distinguish between Micro and Macroeconomic concepts.	10M	CO1	L3
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**UNIT-II**

4	a	The following information relates to XYZ company.		10M	CO2	L3
		Particulars	Amount in Rs			
		Fixed cost	72000			
		Variable cost per Unit	15			
		Selling cost per Unit	24			
From the above find out. (i) Break-even point in terms of sales value and in units. (ii) Number of units that must be sold to earn a profit of Rs. 90,000.						

**OR**

5	a	Illustrate the concept of cost behavior with examples and explain how understanding cost behavior helps in managerial decision-making.	10M	CO2	L3
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**UNIT-III**

6	a	Explain different types of markets with example	10M	CO3	L2
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**OR**

7	a	Analyze price-output to determination under monopoly.	5M	CO4	L3
	b	Discuss monopolistic competition and its features.	5M	CO4	L4

**UNIT-IV**

8		A company is considering whether to purchase a new machine. Machines A and B are available for \$80,000 each. Evaluate Net Present Value at 10%. Earnings after taxation are as follows:																					
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Year</th> <th>Machine A</th> <th>Machine B</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>24,000</td> <td>8,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>32,000</td> <td>24,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>40,000</td> <td>32,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>24,000</td> <td>48,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>16,000</td> <td>32,000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Year	Machine A	Machine B	1	24,000	8,000	2	32,000	24,000	3	40,000	32,000	4	24,000	48,000	5	16,000	32,000	10M	CO5	L3
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5	16,000	32,000																					

**OR**

9	a	What is the importance of capital? What factors determine the working capital requirements of a company?	10M	CO4	L3
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**UNIT-V**

10	A	From the following balances extracted from the books of a trader as on 31st March 2025, prepare a Trial Balance:																																																												
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>S.No</th> <th>Particulars</th> <th>Amount (₹)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1</td><td>Capital</td><td>1,00,000</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>Drawings</td><td>12,000</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>Purchases</td><td>70,000</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>Sales</td><td>1,20,000</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>Returns Inwards</td><td>5,000</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>Returns Outwards</td><td>3,000</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>Opening Stock</td><td>25,000</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>Wages</td><td>15,000</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>Salaries</td><td>10,000</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>Rent</td><td>6,000</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>Debtors</td><td>30,000</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>Creditors</td><td>20,000</td></tr> <tr><td>13</td><td>Cash</td><td>8,000</td></tr> <tr><td>14</td><td>Bank</td><td>12,000</td></tr> <tr><td>15</td><td>Furniture</td><td>18,000</td></tr> <tr><td>16</td><td>Machinery</td><td>40,000</td></tr> <tr><td>17</td><td>Discount Allowed</td><td>2,000</td></tr> <tr><td>18</td><td>Discount Received</td><td>1,000</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	S.No	Particulars	Amount (₹)	1	Capital	1,00,000	2	Drawings	12,000	3	Purchases	70,000	4	Sales	1,20,000	5	Returns Inwards	5,000	6	Returns Outwards	3,000	7	Opening Stock	25,000	8	Wages	15,000	9	Salaries	10,000	10	Rent	6,000	11	Debtors	30,000	12	Creditors	20,000	13	Cash	8,000	14	Bank	12,000	15	Furniture	18,000	16	Machinery	40,000	17	Discount Allowed	2,000	18	Discount Received	1,000	10M	CO6	L3
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**OR**

11	a	Describe how the preparation of Balance Sheet with simple adjustments.	5M	CO6	L3
	b	Describe how a Trading Account is prepared to find gross profit or loss.	5M	CO6	L3

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