

UNIT - 1	
Part – A (Short Answer Questions)	
1	Define the term algorithm and state the criteria the algorithm should satisfy.
2	Define recursive algorithm
3	Differentiate between recursive and iterative algorithms
4	Define asymptotic notations: big 'Oh', omega and theta?
5	Describe best case, average case and worst case efficiency of an algorithm?
6	How do you measure the algorithm running time?
7	Describe the role of space complexity and time complexity in measuring the performance of a program.
8	Define data structure .
9	List linear and nonlinear data structures.
10	List the operations performed in the Linear Data Structure.
11	List out any four applications of data structures?
12	Define Linked List.
13	State the different types of linked lists.
14	List the basic operations carried out in a linked list.
15	List the advantages and disadvantages of linked list.
16	Define Sparse Matrix and its Representation with example.
17	Define Doubly Linked List.
18	List areas where data structures can be applied.
19	Define Circular Linked List.
Part - B (Long Answer Questions)	
1	Discuss various the asymptotic notations used for best case average case and worst case analysis of algorithms.
2	Explain Performance Analysis in Detail.
3	Define recursion. Explain with it Fibonacci series and factorial of a number.
4	Explain time and space complexities in detail
5	Explain the different operations on singly linked list
6	Explain concatenation of singly linked lists
7	Explain circular linked list operations
8	Explain doubly linked list operations
9	List the advantages and disadvantages of doubly linked list over singly linked list?
10	Explain the applications of doubly linked lists
11	Explain the following operations in a doubly linked list.
	(i) Insert an element
	(ii) Delete an element
	(iii) Reverse the list
12	Write an algorithm to insert and delete a key in a circular queue

13	Explain Array and Linked representation of Sparse Matrix
14	Write a program to insert an element in between two nodes in a double linked list
15	Explain how to create circular linked list and insert nodes at end
Part – C (Problem Solving and Critical Thinking)	
1	$F(n)=3n^2-n+4$ show that $f(n)=O(n^2)$
2	$F(n)=5n^2+10n$ convert this to $()$ notation
3	$F(n)=n$ and $g(n)=\log n$, show that $f(n)+g(n)=O(n)$
4	List out few of the applications that make use of Multilinked Structures?
5	Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following: a) Create a singly linked list of integers. b) Delete a given integer from the above linked list. c) Display the contents of the above list after deletion.
6	Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following: a) Create a doubly linked list of integers. b) Delete a given integer from the above doubly linked list. c) Display the contents of the above list after deletion.
7	Given a Singly linked list with each node containing either 0, 1 or 2. Write code to sort the list. Input: 1 -> 1 -> 2 -> 0 -> 2 -> 0 -> 1 -> 0 Output: 0 -> 0 -> 0 -> 1 -> 1 -> 1 -> 2 -> 2
8	Given a linked list and two integers M and N. Traverse the linked list such that you retain M nodes then delete next N nodes, continue the same until end of the linked list. Input: M = 2, N = 2 Linked List: 1->2->3->4->5->6->7->8 Output: Linked List: 1->2->5->6 The main part of the problem is ...
9	Given two linked lists in a way such that the resultant must contain the elements alternatively from one list to other list. Input : LL1:1->2->3->4 LL2: 5-> 6->7 Output: 1->5->2->6->3->7->4
10	Write a program to remove duplicate vales from a double linked list